







SN65C1167E, SN65C1168E

SLLS740C - MARCH 2007 - REVISED FEBRUARY 2024

SN65C116xE Dual Differential Drivers and Receivers With ±15kV ESD Protection

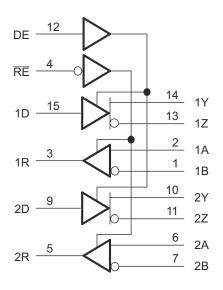
1 Features

- Meet or exceed standards TIA/EIA-422-B and ITU recommendation V.11
- Operate from single 5V power supply
- ESD Protection for RS-422 bus pins
 - ±15kV Human-body model (HBM)
 - ±8kV IEC 61000-4-2, Contact discharge
 - ±8kV IEC 61000-4-2, Air-gap discharge
- Low supply-current requirements: 9mA maximum
- Low pulse skew
- Receiver input impedance: $17k\Omega$ (Typical)
- Receiver input sensitivity: ±200mV
- Receiver common-mode input voltage range of -7V to +7V
- Glitch-free power-up and power-down protection
- Receiver 3-state outputs active-low enable (SN65C1167E only)

2 Applications

- AC and servo motor drives
- Factory automation and control
- Wireless infrastructure

SN65C1167E



3 Description

The SN65C1167E and SN65C1168E consist of dual drivers and dual receivers with ±15kV ESD (Human Body Model [HBM]) and ±8-kV ESD (IEC61000-4-2 Air-Gap Discharge and Contact Discharge) for RS-422 bus pins. The devices meet the requirements of TIA/EIA-422-B and ITU recommendation V.11.

The SN65C1167E combines dual 3-state differential line drivers and 3-state differential line receivers, both of which operate from a single 5V power supply. The driver and receiver have active-high and activelow enables, respectively, which can be connected together externally to function as direction control.

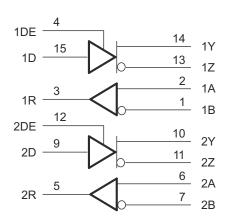
SN65C1168E drivers have individual active-high enables.

Package Information

PART NUMBER	PACKAGE ⁽¹⁾	PACKAGE SIZE ⁽²⁾
	SO (16)	10.3mm × 5.3mm
SN65C116xE	TSSOP (16)	5mm × 4.4mm
	VQFN (16)	4mm × 3.5mm

- For more information, see Section 11.
- The package size (length × width) is a nominal value and includes pins, where applicable.

SN65C1168E



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Block Diagram

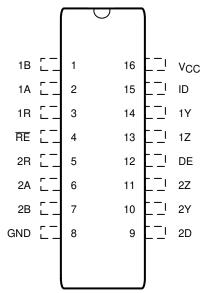


Table of Contents

1 Features1	7.3 Feature Description1	1
2 Applications1	7.4 Device Functional Modes12	2
3 Description1	8 Application and Implementation13	3
4 Pin Configuration and Functions3	8.1 Application Information13	3
5 Specifications5	8.2 Typical Application14	4
5.1 Absolute Maximum Ratings5	8.3 Power Supply Recommendations14	4
5.2 Driver Output and Receiver Input ESD Ratings5	9 Device and Documentation Support15	5
5.3 Recommended Operating Conditions6	9.1 Device Support15	5
5.4 Thermal Information6	9.2 Receiving Notification of Documentation Updates15	5
5.5 Driver Section Electrical Characteristics7	9.3 Support Resources15	5
5.6 Receiver Section Electrical Characteristics	9.4 Trademarks15	5
5.7 Driver Section Switching Characteristics8	9.5 Electrostatic Discharge Caution15	5
5.8 Receiver Section Switching Characteristics8	9.6 Glossary15	5
6 Parameter Measurement Information9	10 Revision History15	5
7 Detailed Description11	11 Mechanical, Packaging, and Orderable	
7.1 Overview11	Information15	5
7.2 Functional Block Diagram11		



4 Pin Configuration and Functions



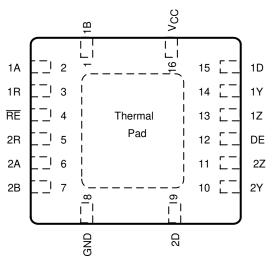


Figure 4-2. RGY Package 16 Pin (VQFN) Top View

Figure 4-1. NS or PW Package 16 Pin (NS or TSSOP) Top View

Table 4-1. Pin Functions, SN65C1167E

					iotions, ortoot from
	Р	IN		1/0	DESCRIPTION
NAME	so	TSSOP	VQFN	1/0	DESCRIPTION
1A	2	2	2	ı	RS422 differential input (noninverting) to receiver 1
2A	6	6	6	I	RS422 differential input (noninverting) to receiver 2
1B	1	1	1	I	RS422 differential input (inverting) to receiver 1
2B	7	7	7	I	RS422 differential input (inverting) to receiver 2
1D	15	15	15	I	Logic data input to RS422 driver 1
2D	9	9	9	I	Logic data input to RS422 driver 2
DE	12	12	12	I	Driver enable (active high)
GND	8	8	8	_	Device ground pin
1R	3	3	3	0	Logic data output of RS422 receiver 1
2R	5	5	5	0	Logic data output of RS422 receiver 2
RE	4	4	4	I	Receiver enable pin (active low)
V _{CC}	16	16	16	_	Power supply
1Y	14	14	14	0	RS-422 differential (noninverting) driver output 1
2Y	10	10	10	0	RS-422 differential (noninverting) driver output 2
1Z	13	13	13	0	RS-422 differential (inverting) driver output 1
2Z	11	11	11	0	RS-422 differential (inverting) driver output 2



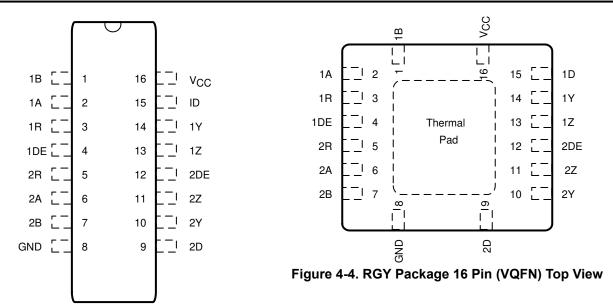


Figure 4-3. NS or PW Package 16 Pin (NS or TSSOP) Top View

Table 4-2. Pin Functions, SN65C1168E

		PIN			DESCRIPTION
NAME	so	TSSOP	VQFN	I/O	DESCRIPTION
1A	2	2	2	I	RS422 differential input (noninverting) to receiver 1
2A	6	6	6	I	RS422 differential input (noninverting) to receiver 2
1B	1	1	1	ı	RS422 differential input (inverting) to receiver 1
2B	7	7	7	I	RS422 differential input (inverting) to receiver 2
1D	15	15	15	1	Logic data input to RS422 driver 1
2D	9	9	9	ı	Logic data input to RS422 driver 2
1DE	4	4	4	1	Driver 1 enable (active high)
2DE	12	12	12	ı	Driver 2 enable (active high)
GND	8	8	8	_	Device ground
1R	3	3	3	0	Logic data output of RS422 receiver 1
2R	5	5	5	0	Logic data output of RS422 receiver 2
V _{CC}	16	16	16	_	Power supply
1Y	14	14	14	0	RS-422 differential (noninverting) driver output 1
2Y	10	10	10	0	RS-422 differential (noninverting) driver output 2
1Z	13	13	13	0	RS-422 differential (noninverting) driver output 1
2Z	11	11	11	0	RS-422 differential (noninverting) driver output 2

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5 Specifications

5.1 Absolute Maximum Ratings

over recommended operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted) (1)

			MIN	MAX	UNIT
V _{CC}	Supply voltage ⁽²⁾		-0.5	7	V
\/	land valle as	Driver, DE, RE	-0.5	7	V
VI	Input voltage	A or B, Receiver	-14	14	V
V _{ID}	Differential input voltage ⁽³⁾	Receiver	-14	14	V
\/	Output valtage	Driver	-0.5	7	V
Vo	Output voltage	Receiver	-0.5	V _{CC} + 0.5	V
I _{IK}	Input clamp current	Driver, V _I < 0		-20	mA
		Driver, V _O < 0		-20	m Λ
I _{OK}	Output clamp current	Receiver		±20	mA
	Output ourrant	Driver		±150	mA
I _O	Output current	Receiver		±25	MA
I _{CC}	Supply current			200	mA
	GND current			-200	mA
TJ	Operating virtual junction temperature			150	°C
T _A	Operating free-air temperature		-40	85	°C
T _{stg}	Storage temperature		-65	150	°C

⁽¹⁾ Stresses beyond those listed under "absolute maximum ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under "recommended operating conditions" is not implied. Exposure to absolute-maximum-rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

5.2 Driver Output and Receiver Input ESD Ratings

			VALUE	UNIT
	Human-body model (HBM), per ANSI/ESDA/JEDEC JS-001 ⁽¹⁾	±15000		
	Charged-device model (CDM), per JEDEC specification JESD22-C101 ⁽²⁾	±1000		
V _(ESD)	Electrostatic discharge	IEC 61000-4-2, air-gap discharge	±8000] V
		IEC 61000-4-2, contact discharge	±8000	

⁽¹⁾ JEDEC document JEP155 states that 500V HBM allows safe manufacturing with a standard ESD control process.

⁽²⁾ All voltage values except differential input voltage are with respect to the network GND.

⁽³⁾ Differential input voltage is measured at the noninverting terminal, with respect to the inverting terminal.

⁽²⁾ JEDEC document JEP157 states that 250V CDM allows safe manufacturing with a standard ESD control process.



5.3 Recommended Operating Conditions

			MIN	NOM	MAX	UNIT
V _{CC}	Supply voltage		4.5	5	5.5	V
V _{IC}	Common-mode input voltage ⁽¹⁾	Receiver			±7	V
V_{ID}	Differential input voltage	Receiver			±7	V
VI	Input voltage	Except A, B	0		5.5	V
Vo	Output voltage	Receiver	0		V _{CC}	V
V _{IH}	High-level input voltage	Except A, B	2			V
V _{IL}	Low-level input voltage	Except A, B			0.8	V
	High-level output current	Receiver			-6	mA
I _{OH}	nigh-level output current	Driver			-20	IIIA
	Low-level output current	Receiver			6	mA
I _{OL}	Low-level output current	Driver			20	IIIA
T _A	Operating free-air temperature		-40		85	°C

⁽¹⁾ Refer to TIA/EIA-422-B for exact conditions.

5.4 Thermal Information

			SN65C116xE				
	THERMAL METRIC ⁽¹⁾	SO (NS)	PW (TSSOP)	RGY (VQFN)	UNIT		
		16 PINS	16 PINS	16 PINS			
$R_{\theta JA}$	Junction-to-ambient thermal resistance	88.5	107.5	48.4	°C/W		
R _{0JC(top)}	Junction-to-case (top) thermal resistance	46.2	38.4	46.4	°C/W		
$R_{\theta JB}$	Junction-to-board thermal resistance	50.7	53.7	24.6	°C/W		
Ψ_{JT}	Junction-to-top characterization parameter	13.5	3.2	2.3	°C/W		
ΨЈВ	Junction-to-board characterization parameter	50.3	53.1	24.5	°C/W		
R _{0JC(bot)}	Junction-to-case (bottom) thermal resistance	n/a	n/a	8.5	°C/W		

⁽¹⁾ For more information about traditional and new thermal metrics, see the Semiconductor and IC Package Thermal Metrics application report, SPRA953.

Product Folder Links: SN65C1167E SN65C1168E



5.5 Driver Section Electrical Characteristics

over recommended supply voltage and operating free-air temperature ranges (unless otherwise noted)

	PARAMETER		TEST CONDIT	IONS	MIN	TYP ⁽¹⁾	MAX	UNIT
V _{IK}	Input clamp voltage	I _I = -18mA					-1.5	V
V _{OH}	High-level output voltage	V _{IH} = 2V,	V _{IL} = 0.8V,	I _{OH} = -20mA	2.4	3.5		V
V _{OL}	Low-level output voltage	V _{IH} = 2V,	V _{IL} = 0.8V,	I _{OL} = 20mA		0.2	0.4	V
V _{OD1}	Differential output voltage 1	I _O = 0mA			2		6	V
V _{OD2}	Differential output voltage 2	$R_L = 100\Omega$,	See Figure 6	-1 ⁽²⁾	2	3.7		V
$\Delta V_{OD} $	Change in magnitude of differential output voltage	R _L = 100Ω,	See Figure 6	-1 ⁽²⁾			±0.4	V
V _{OC}	Common-mode output voltage	$R_L = 100\Omega$,	See Figure 6	-1 ⁽²⁾			±3	V
Δ V _{OC}	Change in magnitude of common-mode output voltage	R _L = 100Ω,	See Figure 6	-1 ⁽²⁾			±0.4	V
	Output surrent with news off	V = 0V	V _O = 6V				100	
I _{O(OFF)}	Output current with power off	V _{CC} = 0V	$V_0 = -0.25V$				100	μA
	High impedance state output ourrent	V _O = 2.5V					20	
l _{OZ}	High-impedance-state output current	V _O = 5V					-20	μA
I _{IH}	High-level input current	V _I = V _{CC} or V	IH				1	μA
I _{IL}	Low-level input current	V _I = GND or \	V _{IL}				-1	μA
I _{OS}	Short-circuit output current	$V_O = V_{CC}$ or C	GND ⁽³⁾		-30		-150	mA
	Cumply augment (total poples as)	No load,	V _I = V _{CC} or G	SND		4	6	Л
I _{CC}	Supply current (total package)	Enabled	V _I = 2.4 or 0.	5V ⁽⁴⁾		5	9	mA
Ci	Input capacitance					6		pF

- (1) All typical values are at $V_{CC} = 5V$ and $T_A = 25$ °C.
- (2) Refer to TIA/EIA-422-B for exact conditions.
- (3) Not more than one output should be shorted at a time, and the duration of the short circuit should not exceed one second.
- (4) This parameter is measured per input, while the other inputs are at V_{CC} or GND.

5.6 Receiver Section Electrical Characteristics

over recommended ranges of common-mode input voltage, supply voltage, and operating free-air temperature (unless otherwise noted)

(
	PARAMETER		TE	EST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP ⁽¹⁾	MAX	UNIT
V _{IT+}	Positive-going input threshold voltage, differential input						0.2	V
V _{IT-}	Negative-going input threshold voltage, differential input				-0.2 ⁽²⁾			V
V _{hys}	Input hysteresis (V _{IT+} - V _{IT-})					60		mV
V _{IK}	Input clamp voltage, RE	SN65C1167E	I _I = -18mA				-1.5	V
V _{OH}	High-level output voltage	•	V _{ID} = 200mV,	I _{OH} = -6mA	3.8	4.2		V
V _{OL}	Low-level output voltage		V _{ID} = -200mV,	I _{OL} = 6mA		0.1	0.3	V
I _{OZ}	High-impedance state output current	SN65C1167E	V _O = V _{CC} or GND			±0.5	±5	μΑ
			0.1	V _I = 10V			1.5	
I ₁	Line input current		Other input at 0V	V _I = -10V			-2.5	mA
I _I	Enable input current, RE	SN65C1167E	V _I = V _{CC} or GND				±1	μA
rı	Input resistance		$V_{IC} = -7V$ to $7V$,	Other input at 0V	4	17		kΩ
	Owner to summer to the test of the section of the		No load,	V _I = V _{CC} or GND		4	6	
Icc	Supply current (total package)		Enabled	V _{IH} = 2.4V or 0.5V ⁽³⁾		5	9	mA

- All typical values are at V_{CC} = 5V and T_A = 25°C.
- (2) The algebraic convention, where the less positive (more negative) limit is designated as minimum, is used in this data sheet for common-mode input voltage and threshold voltage levels only.
- (3) Refer to TIA/EIA-422-B for exact conditions.



5.7 Driver Section Switching Characteristics

over recommended supply voltage and operating free-air temperature ranges (unless otherwise noted)

	PARAMETER	TEST COND	ITIONS	MIN	TYP ⁽¹⁾	MAX	UNIT
t _{PHL}	Propagation delay time, high- to low-level output	R1 = R2 = 50Ω,	R3 = 500Ω.		8	16	ns
t _{PLH}	Propagation delay time, low- to high-level output	C1 = C2 = C3 = 40pF,	S1 is open,		8	16	ns
t _{sk(p)}	Pulse skew	See Figure 6-2			1.5	4	ns
t _r	Rise time	$R1 = R2 = 50\Omega$,	R3 = 500Ω,		5	8	ns
t _f	Fall time	C1 = C2 = C3 = 40pF, See Figure 6-3	S1 is open,		5	8	ns
t _{PZH}	Output-enable time to high level	$R1 = R2 = 50\Omega$,	R3 = 500Ω,	·	10	19	ns
t _{PZL}	Output-enable time to low level	C1 = C2 = C3 = 40pF, See Figure 6-4	S1 is closed,		10	19	ns
t _{PHZ}	Output-disable time from high level	$R1 = R2 = 50\Omega$,	R3 = 500Ω,		7	16	ns
t _{PLZ}	Output-disable time from low level	C1 = C2 = C3 = 40pF, See Figure 6-4	S1 is closed,		7	16	ns
f _{SW}	Maximum switching frequency	R1 = R2 = 50Ω , C1 = C2 = C3 = $40pF$, See Figure 6-3	R3 = 500Ω , S1 is open,	20			MHz

⁽¹⁾ All typical values are at V_{CC} = 5V and T_A = 25°C.

5.8 Receiver Section Switching Characteristics

over recommended operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)(2)

ever recent mended operating need an temperature range (amoust state)							
PARAMETER		TEST (CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP ⁽¹⁾	MAX	UNIT
Propagation delay time, low- to high-level output		See Figure 6	6-5	9	15	27	ns
Propagation delay time, high- to low-level output	:	See Figure 6	6-5	9	15	27	ns
Transition time, low- to high-level output		\/ - \/	Soo Figuro 6 F		4	9	ns
Transition time, high- to low-level output		V _{IC} - V,	See Figure 0-5		4	9	ns
Output-enable time to high level					7	22	ns
Output-enable time to low level	0105044075	$R_L = 1k\Omega$	San Figure 6.6		7	22	ns
Output-disable time from high level	SINUSCTIO/E	C _L = 50pF	See Figure 6-6		12	22	ns
Output-disable time from low level					12	22	ns
	PARAMETER Propagation delay time, low- to high-level output Propagation delay time, high- to low-level output Transition time, low- to high-level output Transition time, high- to low-level output Output-enable time to high level Output-enable time to low level Output-disable time from high level	PARAMETER Propagation delay time, low- to high-level output Propagation delay time, high- to low-level output Transition time, low- to high-level output Transition time, high- to low-level output Output-enable time to high level Output-enable time to low level Output-disable time from high level	$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	PARAMETERTEST CONDITIONSPropagation delay time, low- to high-level outputSee Figure 6-5Propagation delay time, high- to low-level outputSee Figure 6-5Transition time, low- to high-level output $V_{IC} = V$, See Figure 6-5Output-enable time to high levelOutput-enable time to high levelOutput-disable time from high levelSN65C1167E $R_L = 1k\Omega$, $C_L = 50pF$	PARAMETER TEST CONDITIONS MIN Propagation delay time, low- to high-level output See Figure 6-5 9 Propagation delay time, high- to low-level output See Figure 6-5 9 Transition time, low- to high-level output VIC = V, See Figure 6-5 Output-enable time to high level Output-enable time to high level RL = 1kΩ, CL = 50pF Output-disable time from high level See Figure 6-6 See Figure 6-6	PARAMETER TEST CONDITIONS MIN TYP(1) Propagation delay time, low- to high-level output See Figure 6-5 9 15 Propagation delay time, high- to low-level output See Figure 6-5 9 15 Transition time, low- to high-level output $V_{IC} = V$, See Figure 6-5 4 Output-enable time, high- to low-level output $V_{IC} = V$, See Figure 6-5 7 Output-enable time to high level $V_{IC} = V$, See Figure 6-6 7 Output-disable time from high level $V_{IC} = V$, See Figure 6-6 $V_{IC} = V$, See Figure 6-6 $V_{IC} = V$, See Figure 6-6	$ \begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$

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All typical values are at V_{CC} = 5V and T_A = 25°C. Measured per input while the other inputs are at V_{CC} or GND



6 Parameter Measurement Information

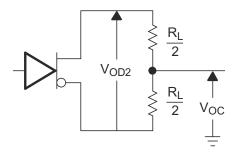
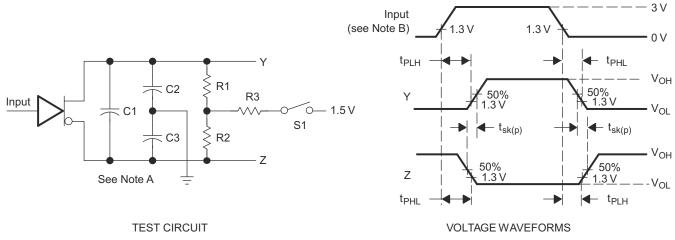
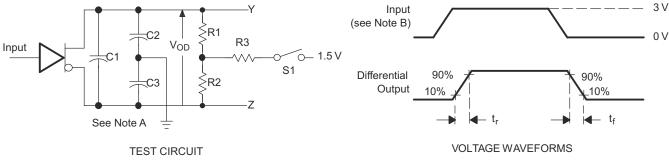


Figure 6-1. Driver Test Circuit, V_{OD} and V_{OC}



- A. C1, C2, and C3 include probe and jig capacitance.
- B. The input pulse is supplied by a generator having the following characteristics: PRR = 1 MHz, duty cycle = 50%, $t_r = t_f \le 6$ ns.

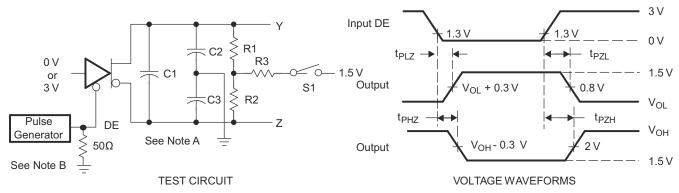
Figure 6-2. Driver Test Circuit and Voltage Waveforms



- A. C1, C2, and C3 include probe and jig capacitance.
- B. The input pulse is supplied by a generator having the following characteristics: PRR = 1 MHz, duty cycle = 50%, $t_r = t_f \le 6$ ns.

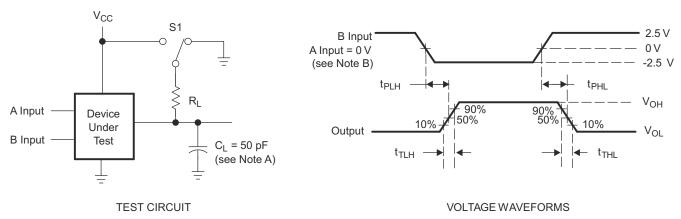
Figure 6-3. Driver Test Circuit and Voltage Waveforms





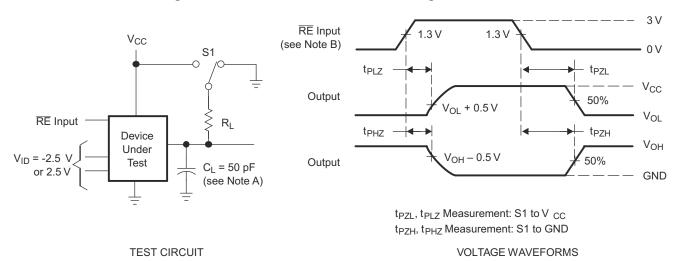
- A. C1, C2, and C3 include probe and jig capacitance.
- B. The input pulse is supplied by a generator having the following characteristics: PRR = 1 MHz, duty cycle = 50%, t_r = t_f ≤ 6ns.

Figure 6-4. Driver Test Circuit and Voltage Waveforms



- A. C1, C2, and C3 include probe and jig capacitance.
- B. The input pulse is supplied by a generator having the following characteristics: PRR = 1 MHz, duty cycle = 50%, t_r = t_f ≤ 6ns.

Figure 6-5. Receiver Test Circuit and Voltage Waveforms



- A. C1, C2, and C3 include probe and jig capacitance.
- B. The input pulse is supplied by a generator having the following characteristics: PRR = 1 MHz, duty cycle = 50%, t_r = t_f ≤ 6ns.

Figure 6-6. Receiver Test Circuit and Voltage Waveforms

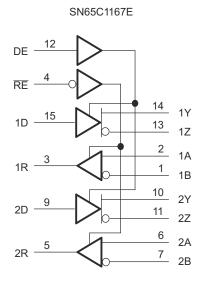


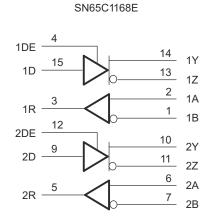
7 Detailed Description

7.1 Overview

The SN65C1167E and SN65C1168E consist of dual drivers and dual receivers powered from a single 5V supply. These devices meet the requirements of TIA/EIA-422-B and ITU recommendation V.11.

7.2 Functional Block Diagram





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7.3 Feature Description

7.3.1 Active High Driver Output Enables

Both drivers of SN65C1167E can be configured with the single DE logic input. Both drivers are set at high-impedance when disabled.

SN65C1168E drivers can be configured individually by 1DE and 2DE logic inputs. Both drivers are set at high-impedance when disabled.

7.3.2 Active Low Receiver Enables

Both SN65C1167E receivers can be configured with the single $\overline{\text{RE}}$ logic input. Receiver logic outputs are set at high-impedance when disabled.



7.4 Device Functional Modes

Table 7-1 and Table 7-2 list the functional modes of SN65C1167E and SN65C1168E.

Table 7-1. Each Driver

INPUT	ENABLE	OUTPUTS				
D	DE	Y	Z			
Н	Н	Н	L			
L	н	L	Н			
X	L	Z	Z			

Table 7-2. SN65C1167E, Each Receiver⁽¹⁾

DIFFERENTIAL INPUTS A-B	ENABLE RE	OUTPUT R
V _{ID} ≥ 0.2 V	L	Н
-0.2 V < V _{ID} < 0.2 V	L	?
V _{ID} ≤ -0.2 V	L	L
X	Н	Z
Open	L	Н

(1) H = High level, L = Low level, ? = Indeterminate, X = Irrelevant, Z = High impedance (off)

Table 7-3. SN65C1168E, Each Receiver(1)

DIFFERENTIAL INPUTS A-B	OUTPUT R
V _{ID} ≥ 0.2V	Н
-0.2V < V _{ID} < 0.2V	?
V _{ID} ≤ -0.2V	L
Open	Н

(1) H = High level, L = Low level, ? = Indeterminate

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8 Application and Implementation

Note

Information in the following applications sections is not part of the TI component specification, and TI does not warrant its accuracy or completeness. TI's customers are responsible for determining suitability of components for their purposes, as well as validating and testing their design implementation to confirm system functionality.

8.1 Application Information

Figure 8-1 shows a typical RS-422 application. One transmitter is able to broadcast to multiple receiving nodes connected together over a shared differential bus. Twisted-pair cabling with a controlled differential impedance is used, and a termination resistance is placed at the farthest receive end of the cable in order to match the transmission line impedance and minimize signal reflections.

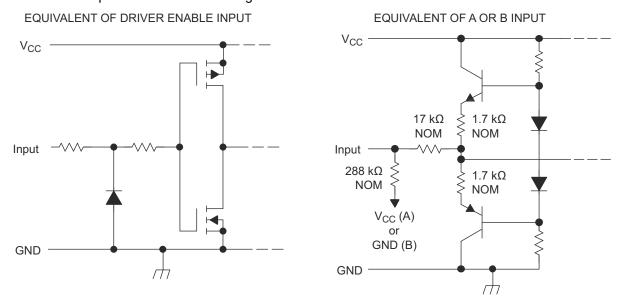


Figure 8-1. Schematic of Inputs



TYPICAL OF EACH DRIVER OUTPUT

TYPICAL OF EACH RECEIVER OUTPUT

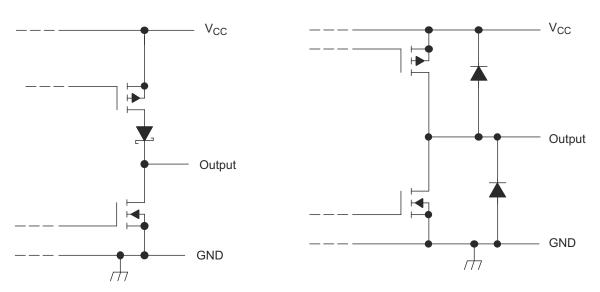


Figure 8-2. Schematic of Outputs

8.2 Typical Application

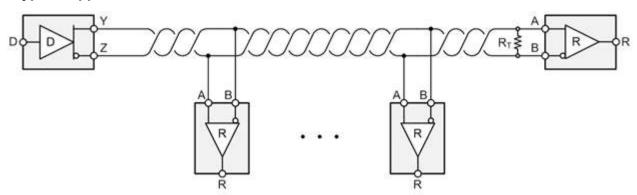


Figure 8-3. Typical RS-422 Application

8.2.1 Design Requirements

A typical RS-422 implementation using SN65C116xE requires the following:

- 5V power source.
- Connector that ensures the correct polarity for port pins.
- Cabling that supports the desired operating rate and transmission distance.

8.2.2 Detailed Design Procedure

Place the device close to bus connector to keep traces (stub) short to prevent adding reflections to the bus line. If desired, add external fail-safe biasing to ensure ±200 mV on the A-B port when the driver circuit is disabled.

8.3 Power Supply Recommendations

Use a 5V power supply for V_{CC} place $0.1\mu F$ bypass capacitors close to the power supply pins to reduce errors coupling in from noisy or high impedance power supplies.

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9 Device and Documentation Support

9.1 Device Support

9.2 Receiving Notification of Documentation Updates

To receive notification of documentation updates, navigate to the device product folder on ti.com. In the upper right corner, click on Alert me to register and receive a weekly digest of any product information that has changed. For change details, review the revision history included in any revised document.

9.3 Support Resources

TI E2E[™] support forums are an engineer's go-to source for fast, verified answers and design help — straight from the experts. Search existing answers or ask your own question to get the quick design help you need.

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9.5 Electrostatic Discharge Caution



This integrated circuit can be damaged by ESD. Texas Instruments recommends that all integrated circuits be handled with appropriate precautions. Failure to observe proper handling and installation procedures can cause damage.

ESD damage can range from subtle performance degradation to complete device failure. Precision integrated circuits may be more susceptible to damage because very small parametric changes could cause the device not to meet its published specifications.

9.6 Glossary

TI Glossary

This glossary lists and explains terms, acronyms, and definitions.

10 Revision History

NOTE: Page numbers for previous revisions may differ from page numbers in the current version.

C	Changes from Revision B (May 2017) to Revision C (February 2024)	Page
•	Changed the Device Information table to the Package Information table	1
•	Deleted the thermal packaging information from the Absolute Maximum Ratings	5
•	Changed the Thermal Information table	6
_		

Changes from Revision A (April 2007) to Revision B (May 2017)

Page

- Changed the Rise Time Max value From: 10 ns To: 8 ns in the Driver Section Switching Characteristics table8
- Changed the Fall Time Max value From: 10 ns To: 8 ns in the Driver Section Switching Characteristics table.8
- Added Maximum switching frequency to the Driver Section Switching Characteristics table......

11 Mechanical, Packaging, and Orderable Information

The following pages include mechanical, packaging, and orderable information. This information is the most current data available for the designated devices. This data is subject to change without notice and revision of this document. For browser-based versions of this data sheet, refer to the left-hand navigation.

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PACKAGING INFORMATION

Orderable Device	Status (1)	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	Package Qty	Eco Plan	Lead finish/ Ball material	MSL Peak Temp	Op Temp (°C)	Device Marking (4/5)	Samples
SN65C1167ENSR	ACTIVE	SO	NS	16	2000	RoHS & Green	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 85	65C1167E	Samples
SN65C1167EPW	LIFEBUY	TSSOP	PW	16	90	RoHS & Green	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 85	CB1167E	
SN65C1167EPWR	ACTIVE	TSSOP	PW	16	2000	RoHS & Green	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 85	CB1167E	Samples
SN65C1167ERGYR	ACTIVE	VQFN	RGY	16	3000	RoHS & Green	NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR	-40 to 85	CB1167	Samples
SN65C1168ENS	LIFEBUY	so	NS	16	50	RoHS & Green	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 85	65C1168E	
SN65C1168ENSG4	LIFEBUY	so	NS	16	50	RoHS & Green	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 85	65C1168E	
SN65C1168ENSR	ACTIVE	SO	NS	16	2000	RoHS & Green	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 85	65C1168E	Samples
SN65C1168EPW	LIFEBUY	TSSOP	PW	16	90	RoHS & Green	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 85	CB1168E	
SN65C1168EPWR	ACTIVE	TSSOP	PW	16	2000	RoHS & Green	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 85	CB1168E	Samples
SN65C1168EPWRG4	ACTIVE	TSSOP	PW	16	2000	RoHS & Green	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 85	CB1168E	Samples
SN65C1168ERGYR	ACTIVE	VQFN	RGY	16	3000	RoHS & Green	NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR	-40 to 85	CB1168	Samples

⁽¹⁾ The marketing status values are defined as follows:

ACTIVE: Product device recommended for new designs.

LIFEBUY: TI has announced that the device will be discontinued, and a lifetime-buy period is in effect.

NRND: Not recommended for new designs. Device is in production to support existing customers, but TI does not recommend using this part in a new design.

PREVIEW: Device has been announced but is not in production. Samples may or may not be available.

OBSOLETE: TI has discontinued the production of the device.

RoHS Exempt: TI defines "RoHS Exempt" to mean products that contain lead but are compliant with EU RoHS pursuant to a specific EU RoHS exemption.

Green: TI defines "Green" to mean the content of Chlorine (CI) and Bromine (Br) based flame retardants meet JS709B low halogen requirements of <=1000ppm threshold. Antimony trioxide based flame retardants must also meet the <=1000ppm threshold requirement.

⁽²⁾ RoHS: TI defines "RoHS" to mean semiconductor products that are compliant with the current EU RoHS requirements for all 10 RoHS substances, including the requirement that RoHS substance do not exceed 0.1% by weight in homogeneous materials. Where designed to be soldered at high temperatures, "RoHS" products are suitable for use in specified lead-free processes. TI may reference these types of products as "Pb-Free".

⁽³⁾ MSL, Peak Temp. - The Moisture Sensitivity Level rating according to the JEDEC industry standard classifications, and peak solder temperature.

⁽⁴⁾ There may be additional marking, which relates to the logo, the lot trace code information, or the environmental category on the device.



PACKAGE OPTION ADDENDUM

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(5) Multiple Device Markings will be inside parentheses. Only one Device Marking contained in parentheses and separated by a "~" will appear on a device. If a line is indented then it is a continuation of the previous line and the two combined represent the entire Device Marking for that device.

(6) Lead finish/Ball material - Orderable Devices may have multiple material finish options. Finish options are separated by a vertical ruled line. Lead finish/Ball material values may wrap to two lines if the finish value exceeds the maximum column width.

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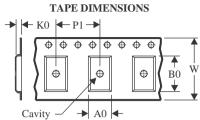
In no event shall TI's liability arising out of such information exceed the total purchase price of the TI part(s) at issue in this document sold by TI to Customer on an annual basis.

PACKAGE MATERIALS INFORMATION

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TAPE AND REEL INFORMATION





A0	Dimension designed to accommodate the component width
В0	Dimension designed to accommodate the component length
K0	Dimension designed to accommodate the component thickness
W	Overall width of the carrier tape
P1	Pitch between successive cavity centers

QUADRANT ASSIGNMENTS FOR PIN 1 ORIENTATION IN TAPE



*All dimensions are nominal

Device	Package Type	Package Drawing		SPQ	Reel Diameter (mm)	Reel Width W1 (mm)	A0 (mm)	B0 (mm)	K0 (mm)	P1 (mm)	W (mm)	Pin1 Quadrant
SN65C1167ENSR	so	NS	16	2000	330.0	16.4	8.2	10.5	2.5	12.0	16.0	Q1
SN65C1167EPWR	TSSOP	PW	16	2000	330.0	12.4	6.9	5.6	1.6	8.0	12.0	Q1
SN65C1167ERGYR	VQFN	RGY	16	3000	330.0	12.4	3.8	4.3	1.5	8.0	12.0	Q1
SN65C1168ENSR	so	NS	16	2000	330.0	16.4	8.2	10.5	2.5	12.0	16.0	Q1
SN65C1168EPWR	TSSOP	PW	16	2000	330.0	12.4	6.9	5.6	1.6	8.0	12.0	Q1
SN65C1168ERGYR	VQFN	RGY	16	3000	330.0	12.4	3.8	4.3	1.5	8.0	12.0	Q1



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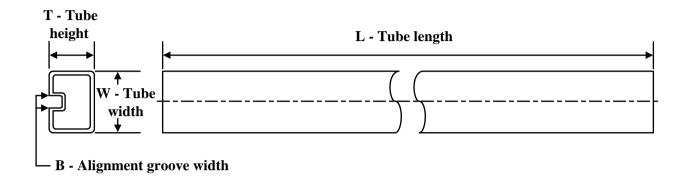
*All dimensions are nominal

Device	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	SPQ	Length (mm)	Width (mm)	Height (mm)
SN65C1167ENSR	SO	NS	16	2000	356.0	356.0	35.0
SN65C1167EPWR	TSSOP	PW	16	2000	356.0	356.0	35.0
SN65C1167ERGYR	VQFN	RGY	16	3000	367.0	367.0	35.0
SN65C1168ENSR	SO	NS	16	2000	367.0	367.0	38.0
SN65C1168EPWR	TSSOP	PW	16	2000	356.0	356.0	35.0
SN65C1168ERGYR	VQFN	RGY	16	3000	356.0	356.0	35.0

PACKAGE MATERIALS INFORMATION

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TUBE



*All dimensions are nominal

Device	Package Name	Package Type	Pins	SPQ	L (mm)	W (mm)	T (µm)	B (mm)
SN65C1167EPW	PW	TSSOP	16	90	530	10.2	3600	3.5
SN65C1168ENS	NS	SOP	16	50	530	10.5	4000	4.1
SN65C1168ENSG4	NS	SOP	16	50	530	10.5	4000	4.1
SN65C1168EPW	PW	TSSOP	16	90	530	10.2	3600	3.5



SMALL OUTLINE PACKAGE



NOTES:

- 1. All linear dimensions are in millimeters. Any dimensions in parenthesis are for reference only. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M.

 2. This drawing is subject to change without notice.

 3. This dimension does not include mold flash, protrusions, or gate burrs. Mold flash, protrusions, or gate burrs shall not
- exceed 0.15 mm per side.
- 4. This dimension does not include interlead flash. Interlead flash shall not exceed 0.25 mm per side.
- 5. Reference JEDEC registration MO-153.



SMALL OUTLINE PACKAGE



NOTES: (continued)

6. Publication IPC-7351 may have alternate designs.

7. Solder mask tolerances between and around signal pads can vary based on board fabrication site.



SMALL OUTLINE PACKAGE



NOTES: (continued)

- 8. Laser cutting apertures with trapezoidal walls and rounded corners may offer better paste release. IPC-7525 may have alternate design recommendations.
- 9. Board assembly site may have different recommendations for stencil design.



MECHANICAL DATA

NS (R-PDSO-G**)

14-PINS SHOWN

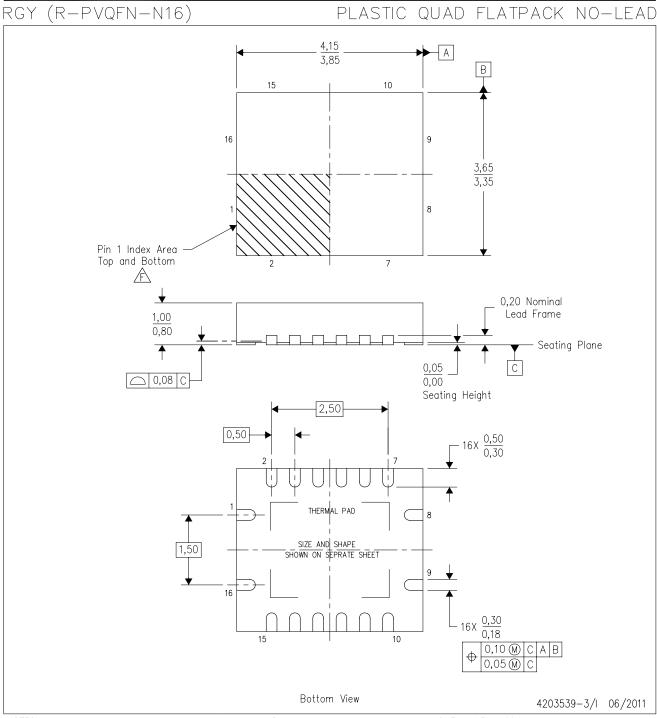
PLASTIC SMALL-OUTLINE PACKAGE



NOTES:

- A. All linear dimensions are in millimeters.
- B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
- C. Body dimensions do not include mold flash or protrusion, not to exceed 0,15.





NOTES: A. All linear dimensions are in millimeters. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M-1994.

- B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
- C. QFN (Quad Flatpack No-Lead) package configuration.
- D. The package thermal pad must be soldered to the board for thermal and mechanical performance.
- E. See the additional figure in the Product Data Sheet for details regarding the exposed thermal pad features and dimensions.
- Pin 1 identifiers are located on both top and bottom of the package and within the zone indicated. The Pin 1 identifiers are either a molded, marked, or metal feature.
- G. Package complies to JEDEC MO-241 variation BA.



RGY (R-PVQFN-N16)

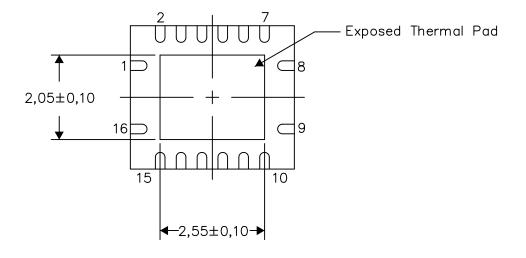
PLASTIC QUAD FLATPACK NO-LEAD

THERMAL INFORMATION

This package incorporates an exposed thermal pad that is designed to be attached directly to an external heatsink. The thermal pad must be soldered directly to the printed circuit board (PCB). After soldering, the PCB can be used as a heatsink. In addition, through the use of thermal vias, the thermal pad can be attached directly to the appropriate copper plane shown in the electrical schematic for the device, or alternatively, can be attached to a special heatsink structure designed into the PCB. This design optimizes the heat transfer from the integrated circuit (IC).

For information on the Quad Flatpack No-Lead (QFN) package and its advantages, refer to Application Report, QFN/SON PCB Attachment, Texas Instruments Literature No. SLUA271. This document is available at www.ti.com.

The exposed thermal pad dimensions for this package are shown in the following illustration.



Bottom View

Exposed Thermal Pad Dimensions

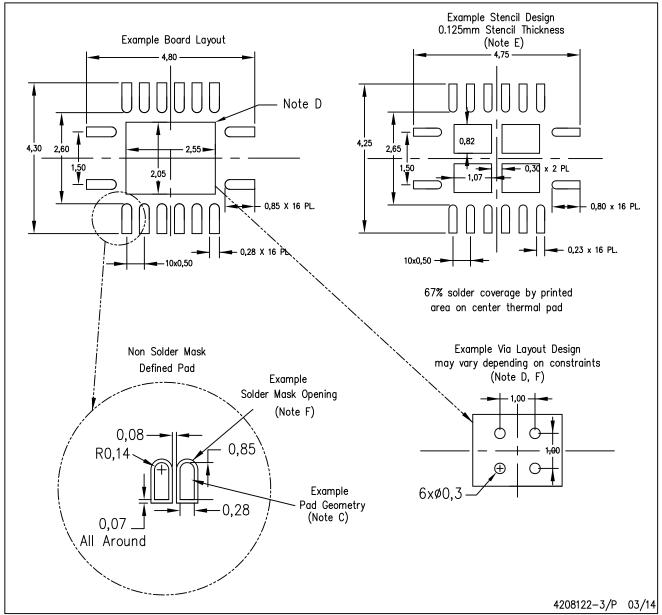
4206353-3/P 03/14

NOTE: All linear dimensions are in millimeters



RGY (R-PVQFN-N16)

PLASTIC QUAD FLATPACK NO-LEAD



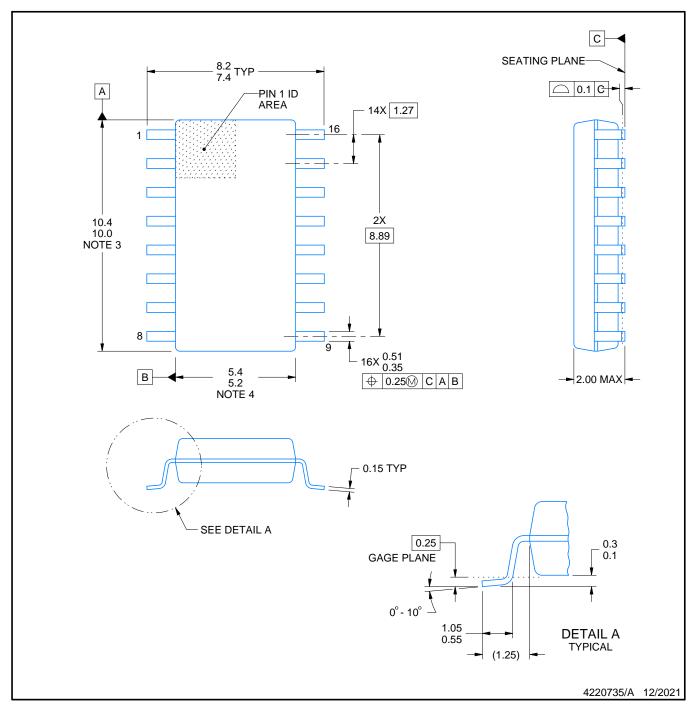
NOTES:

- A. All linear dimensions are in millimeters.
- B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
- C. Publication IPC-7351 is recommended for alternate designs.
- D. This package is designed to be soldered to a thermal pad on the board. Refer to Application Note, Quad Flat—Pack QFN/SON PCB Attachment, Texas Instruments Literature No. SLUA271, and also the Product Data Sheets for specific thermal information, via requirements, and recommended board layout. These documents are available at www.ti.com http://www.ti.com.
- E. Laser cutting apertures with trapezoidal walls and also rounding corners will offer better paste release. Customers should contact their board assembly site for stencil design recommendations. Refer to IPC 7525 for stencil design considerations.
- F. Customers should contact their board fabrication site for minimum solder mask web tolerances between signal pads.





SOP



NOTES:

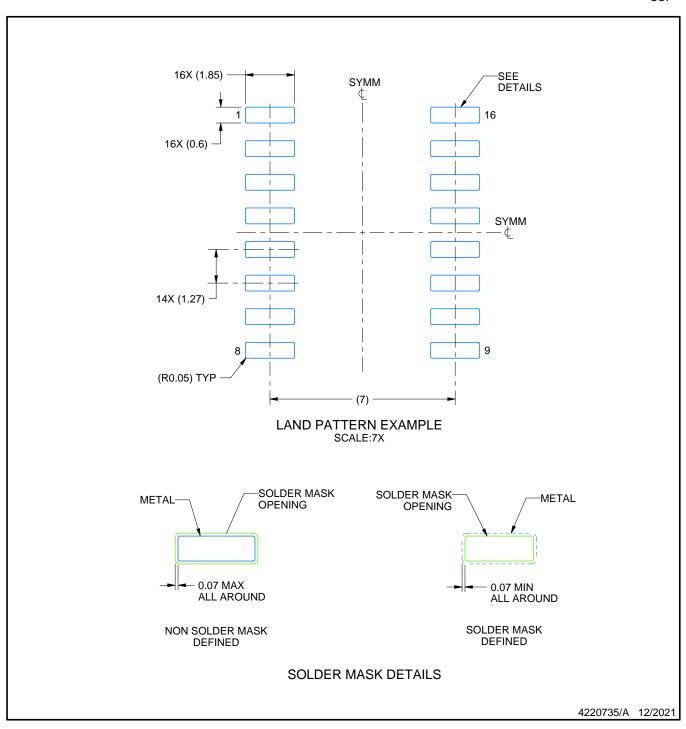
- 1. All linear dimensions are in millimeters. Dimensions in parenthesis are for reference only. Dimensioning and tolerancing
- per ASME Y14.5M.

 2. This drawing is subject to change without notice.

 3. This dimension does not include mold flash, protrusions, or gate burrs. Mold flash, protrusions, or gate burrs shall not exceed 0.15 mm, per side.
- 4. This dimension does not include interlead flash. Interlead flash shall not exceed 0.25 mm, per side.



SOF

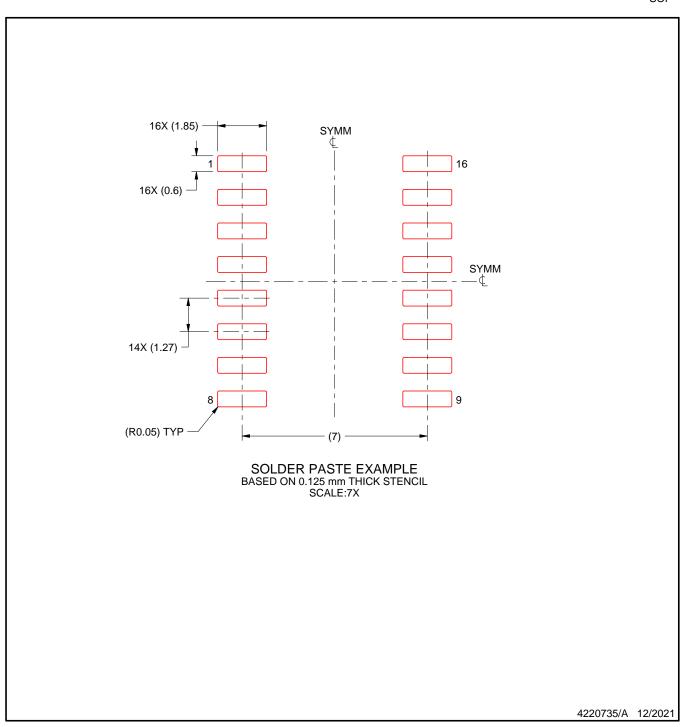


NOTES: (continued)

- 5. Publication IPC-7351 may have alternate designs.
- 6. Solder mask tolerances between and around signal pads can vary based on board fabrication site.



SOF



NOTES: (continued)

- 7. Laser cutting apertures with trapezoidal walls and rounded corners may offer better paste release. IPC-7525 may have alternate design recommendations.
- 8. Board assembly site may have different recommendations for stencil design.



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